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## Top Nixon Aid Sees No Loss of U.S. Jobs

By EDWIN L. DALE JR.

Special to The New York Times WASHINGTON, Feb. 26—A op assistant to President Nixon offered Congress today a gen-eral defense of multinational corporations, saying they had not "exported jobs" and had been a major help to the nation's balance of payments.

Peter M. Flanigan, executive director of the Council on International Economic Policy and an assistant to the President, also said that while evidence was admittedly sketchy the did show that United Statesowned multinational corporations had not started the recent. tions had not started the recent monetary crisis by moving funds from one country to another.

Mr. Flanigan was testifying for the first time in his capacity as director of the C.I.E.P. He was the opening witness in hearings on the activities of multnational corporations being conducted by a subcommit-tee of the Senate Finance Committee, headed by Senator Abra ham Ribicoff, Democrat of Connecticut.

## No Tax Decision

Mr. Flanigan said "no Administration position has been reached" as yet on possible changes in the taxation of corporate income earned abroad. But in answer to questions he indicated a reluctance to accept any major changes that would place American companies at a disadvantage with panies at a disadvantage with their foreign-owned competi-tors, such as requiring them to pay taxes on foreign earnings when earned rather than, as now, when remitted to the United States.

On the major points of controversy regarding the multi-national corporations, Mr. Flan-igan cited figures and other evidence to support the follow-

ing conclusions:

¶Employment of multinationals in the United States his Continued on Page 58, Column 1 Continued From Page 47

actually grown faster than for corrections generally.

The outflow of capital for investment abroad "is only about 6 per cent of United States private domestic business investment."

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porations but from foreign, "stick" in the form of Preservation of the foreign production of American-owned States does not get a reason-able to the large of the foreign port restraints if the United States does not get a reason-able back to the large of the foreign port restraints if the United States does not get a reason-able back to the large of the foreign port restraints if the United States does not get a reason-able back to the large of the foreign port restraints if the United States does not get a reason-able back to the large of the foreign port of United States.

"In the few cases," such as consumer electronics, where the United States is in large part supplied by American foreign affiliates, "elimination of these plants would not result in increased United States output and employment, but in replacement of our output by foreign competitors."

4"Notwithstanding much

rhetoric to the contrary, the evidence indicates that businesses do not normally move abroad to take advantage of low-cost labor.'

q"The evidence appears conclusive that the multinational

In General, Mr. Flanigan said, "it is difficult to find much evidence that the multinational corporations, as a group, have damaged the United States deficits in both trade and the over-all balance of payments and said economy or its workers." This

ports. Such attempts only invite retaliation against our exactually grown faster than for ports, limit consumer choice

ness investment."

The multinationals have Congress Mr. Flanigan said the steadily increased their exports

Administration trade legislation soon to be sent to Congress Mr. Flanigan said the steadily increased their exports from the United States as well as their foreign investments.

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4"United States import competition mostly comes not from United States multinational cor
but from foreign-, "stick" in the form of President in the form of Presiden

## **Trade Objective**

The objective, Mr. Flanigan said several times, is an "open and equitable" trading wo ic. While he admitted that the United States had some non-tariff barriers to trade that were the subject of legitimate foreign criticism he said "in foreign criticism, he said "in our opinion we are far more sinned against than sinning." This view is generally rejected by the European Economic Community.

Mr. Flanigan said that in its trade legislation the Administration would "propose safe guards against the disruption of particular markets and production due to resid absence of the same corporations exert a highly tion due to rapid changes in positive influence on our trade foreign trade." Under questionand payments balance." and payments balance."

¶It would be an "administrative nightmare" and largely that any restrictions would not "ineffective" to try to halt the transfer of technology to foreign countries.

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import restraints, but he added that any restrictions would not do not the permanent but rather would be designed to give eign countries.

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import restraints, but he added that any restrictions would not interest that any restrictions would not that any restriction wou

economy or its workers." Inis is exactly opposite to the position of organized labor, repeated only last week by the executive council of the American Federation of Labor-Congress of Industrial Organized States of the seconomy of the devaluations of the dolar industrial Organized for a nation's economy then those countries who have been devaluing their currents. Mr. Flanigan also said, "Exbeen devaluing their currentcies regularly would have the
ince-of-payments problems cannot be cured by reducing imworld by now."